## B.Sc.,

# COMPUTER SCIENCE 

MANONMANIAM SUNDARANAR UNIVERSITY, TIRUNELVELI

## SYLLABUS

FROM THE ACADEMIC YEAR
2023-2024

## TAMILLNADU STATE COUNCIL FOR HIGHER EDUCATION, CHENNAI - 600005

## 1. Introduction

## B.Sc. Computer Science

Education is the key to development of any society. Role of higher education is crucial for securing right kind of employment and also to pursue further studies in best available world class institutes elsewhere within and outside India. Quality education in general and higher education in particular deserves high priority to enable the young and future generation of students to acquire skill, training and knowledge in order to enhance their thinking, creativity, comprehension and application abilities and prepare them to compete, succeed and excel globally. Learning Outcomes-based Curriculum Framework (LOCF) which makes it studentcentric, interactive and outcome-oriented with well-defined aims, objectives and goals to achieve. LOCF also aims at ensuring uniform education standard and content delivery across the state which will help the students to ensure similar quality of education irrespective of the institute and location.

Computer Science is the study of quantity, structure, space and change, focusing on problem solving, application development with wider scope of application in science, engineering, technology, social sciences etc. throughout the world in last couple of decades and it has carved out a space for itself like any other disciplines of basic science and engineering. Computer science is a discipline that spans theory and practice and it requires thinking both in abstract terms and in concrete terms. Nowadays, practically everyone is a computer user, and many people are even computer programmers. Computer Science can be seen on a higher level, as a science of problem solving and problem solving requires precision, creativity, and careful reasoning. The ever-evolving discipline of computer science also has strong connections to other disciplines. Many problems in science, engineering, health care, business, and other areas can be solved effectively with computers, but finding a solution requires both computer science expertise and knowledge of the particular application domain. Computer science has a wide range of specialties. These include Computer Architecture, Software Systems, Graphics, Artificial Intelligence, Computational Science, and Software Engineering. Drawing from a common core of computer science knowledge, each specialty area focuses on specific
challenges. Computer Science is practiced by mathematicians, scientists and engineers. Mathematics, the origins of Computer Science, provides reason and logic. Science provides the methodology for learning and refinement. Engineering provides the techniques for building hardware and software.

## Programme Outcome, Programme Specific Outcome and Course Outcome

Computer Science is the study of quantity, structure, space and change, focusing on problem solving, application development with wider scope of application in science, engineering, technology, social sciences etc. The key core areas of study in Mathematics include Algebra, Analysis (Real \& Complex), Differential Equations, Geometry, and Mechanics. The

Students completing this programme will be able to present Software application clearly and precisely, make abstract ideas precise by formulating them in the Computer languages. Completion of this programme will also enable the learners to join teaching profession, enhance their employability for government jobs, jobs in software industry, banking, insurance and investment sectors, data analyst jobs and jobs in various other public and private enterprises.

## 2. Programme Outcomes (PO) of B.Sc. degree programme in Computer Science

> Scientific aptitude will be developed in Students
$>$ Students will acquire basic Practical skills \& Technical knowledge along with domain knowledge of different subjects in the Computer Science \& humanities stream.
$>$ Students will become employable; Students will be eligible for career opportunities in education field, Industry, or will be able to opt for entrepreneurship.
> Students will possess basic subject knowledge required for higher studies, professional and applied courses.
$>$ Students will be aware of and able to develop solution oriented approach towards various Social and Environmental issues.
$>$ Ability to acquire in-depth knowledge of several branches of Computer Science and aligned areas. This Programme helps learners in building a solid foundation for higher studies in Computer Science and applications.
$>$ The skills and knowledge gained leads to proficiency in analytical reasoning, which can be utilized in modelling and solving real life problems.
> Utilize computer programming skills to solve theoretical and applied problems by critical understanding, analysis and synthesis.
$>$ To recognize patterns and to identify essential and relevant aspects of problems.
$>$ Ability to share ideas and insights while seeking and benefitting from knowledge and insight of others.
$>$ Mould the students into responsible citizens in a rapidly changing interdependent society.

The above expectations generally can be pooled into 6 broad categories and can be modified according to institutional requirements:

PO1: Knowledge
PO2: Problem Analysis
PO3: Design / Development of Solutions
PO4: Conduct investigations of complex problems
PO5: Modern tool usage
PO6: Applying to society

## 3. Programme Specific Outcomes of B.Sc. Degree Programme in Computer Science

PSO1: Think in a critical and logical based manner
PSO2: Familiarize the students with suitable software tools of computer science and industrial applications to handle issues and solve problems in mathematics or statistics and real time application related sciences.

PSO3: Know when there is a need for information, to be able to identify, locate, evaluate, and effectively use that information for the issue or problem at hand.

PSO4: Understand, formulate, develop programming model with logical approaches to a Address issues arising in social science, business and other contexts.

PSO5: Acquire good knowledge and understanding to solve specific theoretical and applied problems in advanced areas of Computer science and Industrial statistics.

PSO6: Provide students/learners sufficient knowledge and skills enabling them to undertake further studies in Computer Science or Applications or Information Technology and its allied areas on multiple disciplines linked with Computer Science.

PSO7: Equip with Computer science technical ability, problem solving skills, creative talent and power of communication necessary for various forms of employment.

PSO8: Develop a range of generic skills helpful in employment, internships\& societal activities.

PSO9: Get adequate exposure to global and local concerns that provides platform for further exploration into multi-dimensional aspects of computing sciences.

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs) and Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs) can be carried out accordingly, assigning the appropriate level in the grids: (put tick mark in each row)

| PO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 | PSO6 |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PO1 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| PO2 |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |
| PO3 |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |
| PO4 |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |
| PO5 |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| PO6 |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |

## 4. Highlights of the Revamped Curriculum

$>$ Student-centric, meeting the demands of industry \& society, incorporating industrial components, hands-on training, skill enhancement modules, industrial project, project with viva-voce, exposure to entrepreneurial skills, training for competitive examinations, sustaining the quality of the core components and incorporating application oriented content wherever required.
$>$ The Core subjects include latest developments in the education and scientific front, advanced programming packages allied with the discipline topics, practical training, devising mathematical models and algorithms for providing solutions to industry / real life situations. The curriculum also facilitates peer learning with advanced mathematical topics in the final semester, catering to the needs of stakeholders with research aptitude.
> The General Studies and Computer Science based problem solving skills are included as mandatory components in the 'Training for Competitive Examinations' course at the final semester, a first of its kind.
$>$ The curriculum is designed so as to strengthen the Industry-Academia interface and provide more job opportunities for the students.
$>$ The Industrial Statistics course is newly introduced in the fourth semester, to expose the students to real life problems and train the students on designing a mathematical model to provide solutions to the industrial problems.
$>$ The Internship during the second year vacation will help the students gain valuable work experience that connects classroom knowledge to real world experience and to narrow down and focus on the career path.
$>$ Project with viva-voce component in the fifth semester enables the student, application of conceptual knowledge to practical situations. The state of art technologies in conducting a Explain in a scientific and systematic way and arriving at a precise solution is ensured. Such innovative provisions of the industrial training, project and internships will give students an edge over the counterparts in the job market.
$>$ State-of Art techniques from the streams of multi-disciplinary, cross disciplinary and inter disciplinary nature are incorporated as Elective courses, covering conventional topics to the latest - Statistics with R Programming, Data Science, Machine learing. Internet of Things and Artificial Intelligence etc..
5. Value additions in the Revamped Curriculum:

| Semester | Newly introduced Components | Outcome / Benefits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | Foundation Course <br> To ease the transition of learning from higher secondary to higher education, providing an overview of the pedagogy of learning abstract Mathematics and simulating mathematical concepts to real world. | - Instil confidence among students <br> - Create interest for the subject |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { I, II, III, } \\ & \text { IV } \end{aligned}$ | Skill Enhancement <br> papers (Discipline <br> centric $/$ Generic /  <br> Entrepreneurial)  | - Industry ready graduates <br> - Skilled human resource <br> - Students are equipped with essential skills to make them employable |
|  |  | - Training on Computing / Computational skills enable the students gain knowledge and exposure on latest computational aspects |
|  |  | - Data analytical skills will enable students gain internships, apprenticeships, field work involving data collection, compilation, analysis etc. |
|  |  | - Entrepreneurial skill training will provide an opportunity for independent livelihood <br> - Generates self - employment <br> - Create small scale entrepreneurs <br> - Training to girls leads to women empowerment |
|  |  | - Discipline centric skill will improve the Technical knowhow of solving real life problems using ICT tools |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { III, IV, V } \\ & \& \text { VI } \end{aligned}$ | Elective papers- <br> An open choice of topics categorized under Generic and Discipline Centric | - Strengthening the domain knowledge <br> - Introducing the stakeholders to the State-of Art techniques from the streams of multi-disciplinary, cross disciplinary and inter disciplinary nature <br> - Students are exposed to Latest topics on Computer Science / IT, that require strong mathematical background <br> - Emerging topics in higher education / industry |


|  |  | communication network / health sector etc. are introduced with hands-on-training, facilitates designing of mathematical models in the respective sectors |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IV | Industrial Statistics | - Exposure to industry moulds students into solution providers <br> - Generates Industry ready graduates <br> - Employment opportunities enhanced |
| II year Vacation activity | Internship / Industrial Training | - Practical training at the Industry/ Banking Sector / Private/ Public sector organizations / Educational institutions, enable the students gain professional experience and also become responsible citizens. |
| V <br> Semester | Project with Viva - voce | - Self-learning is enhanced <br> - Application of the concept to real situation is conceived resulting in tangible outcome |
| VI <br> Semester | Introduction of Professional Competency component | - Curriculum design accommodates all category of learners; 'Mathematics for Advanced Explain' component will comprise of advanced topics in Mathematics and allied fields, for those in the peer group / aspiring researchers; <br> - 'Training for Competitive Examinations' -caters to the needs of the aspirants towards most sought after services of the nation viz, UPSC, CDS, NDA, Banking Services, CAT, TNPSC group services, etc. |
| Extra Credits: <br> For Advanced Learners / Honors degree |  | - To cater to the needs of peer learners / research aspirants |

## B.Sc. Computer Science Curriculum Design

First Year
Semester-I

| Part | List of Courses | Credit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hours per } \\ & \text { week } \\ & (\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{T} / \mathbf{P}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part-I | Language - Tamil | 3 | 6 |
| Part-II | English | 3 | 6 |
| Part-III | CC1 - Python Programming | 5 | 5 |
|  | CC2 - Practical :i) Python Programming <br> ii) Office Automation | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Elective Course 1 (Generic / Discipline Specific) Discrete Mathematics | 3 | 4 |
| Part-IV | Skill Enhancement Course- SEC-1 Office Automation | 2 | 2 |
|  | Foundation Course FC - Problem Solving Techniques | 2 | 2 |
|  |  | 23 | 30 |

## Semester-II

| Part | List of Courses | Credit | Hours per <br> week(L/T/P) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Part-I | Language -Tamil | 3 | 6 |
| Part-II | English | 3 | 6 |
| Part-III | CC3 - Data Structure and Algorithms | 5 | 5 |
|  | CC4 - Practical:i) Data Structure and Algorithms |  |  |
|  | ii) Web Design | 3 | 3 |
|  | Elective Course 2 (Generic / Discipline Specific) - <br> Digital Logic Fundamentals | 3 | 4 |
| Part-IV | Skill Enhancement Course- SEC-2 Introduction To HTML | 2 | 2 |
|  | Skill Enhancement Course - SEC-3 (Discipline Specific / <br> Generic) Understanding Internet | 2 | 2 |
|  | $\mathbf{3 0}$ |  |  |

## FIRST SEMESTER

## CORE PAPER

| Subject Code | Subject Name |  | L | T | P | S | Uِ | Marks |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 岂 | 気 |  |
| CC1 | Python programming | Core | 5 | - | - | - | 5 | 25 | 75 |  |
| Learning Objectives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO1 | To make students understand the concepts of Python programming. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO2 | To apply the OOPs concept in PYTHON programming. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO3 | To impart knowledge on demand and supply concepts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO4 | To make the students learn best practices in PYTHON programming |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO5 | To know the costs and profit maximization |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| UNIT | Contents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | No. of Hours |
| I | Basics of Python Programming: History of Python-Features of Python-Literal-Constants-Variables - Identifiers-Keywords-Built-in Data Types-Output Statements - Input Statements-Comments -Indentation- Operators-Expressions-Type conversions. Python Arrays: Defining and Processing Arrays - Array methods. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |
| II | Control Statements: Selection/Conditional Branching statements: if, if-else, nested if and if-elif-else statements. Iterative Statements: while loop, for loop, else suite in loop and nested loops. Jump Statements: break, continue and pass statements. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |
| III | Functions: Function Definition - Function Call - Variable Scope and its Lifetime-Return Statement. Function Arguments: Required Arguments, Keyword Arguments, Default Arguments and Variable Length Arguments- Recursion. Python Strings: String operations- Immutable Strings - Built-in String Methods and Functions - String Comparison. Modules: import statement- The Python module $-\operatorname{dir}()$ function Modules and Namespace - Defining our own modules. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IV | Lists: Creating a list -Access values in List-Updating values in ListsNested lists -Basic list operations-List Methods. Tuples: Creating, Accessing, Updating and Deleting Elements in a tuple - Nested tuplesDifference between lists and tuples. Dictionaries: Creating, Accessing, Updating and Deleting Elements in a Dictionary - Dictionary Functions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |


|  | and Methods - Difference between Lists and Dictionaries. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V | Python File Handling: Types of files in Python - Opening and Closing files-Reading and Writing files: write() and writelines() methods- append() method - read() and readlines() methods - with keyword - Splitting words - File methods - File Positions- Renaming and deleting files. |  | 15 |
| TOTAL HOURS |  |  | 75 |
| Course Outcomes |  | Programme Outcomes |  |
| CO | On completion of this course, students will |  |  |
| CO1 | Learn the basics of python, Do simple programs on python, Learn how to use an array. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PO1, PO2, PO3, } \\ & \text { PO4, PO5, PO6 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| CO2 | Develop program using selection statement, Work with Looping and jump statements, Do programs on Loops and jump statements. | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{PO} 1, \mathrm{PO} 2, \mathrm{PO} \\ & \mathrm{PO} 4, \mathrm{PO}, \mathrm{PO} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| CO3 | Concept of function, function arguments, Implementing the concept strings in various application, Significance of Modules, Work with functions, Strings and modules. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PO1, PO2, PO } \\ & \text { PO4, PO5, PO } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| CO 4 | Work with List, tuples and dictionary, Write program using list, tuples and dictionary. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PO1, PO2, PO } \\ & \text { PO4, PO5, PO } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| CO5 | Usage of File handlings in python, Concept of reading and writing files, Do programs using files. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PO1, PO2, PO } \\ & \text { PO4, PO5, PO } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Textbooks |  |  |  |
| 1 | ReemaThareja, "Python Programming using problem solving approach", First Edition, 2017, Oxford University Press. |  |  |
| 2 | Dr. R. NageswaraRao, "Core Python Programming", First Edition, 2017, Dream tech Publishers. |  |  |
| Reference Books |  |  |  |
| 1. | VamsiKurama, "Python Programming: A Modern Approach", Pearson Education. |  |  |
| 2. | Mark Lutz, "Learning Python", Orielly. |  |  |
| 3. | Adam Stewarts, "Python Programming", Online. |  |  |
| 4. | Fabio Nelli, "Python Data Analytics", APress. |  |  |
| 5. | Kenneth A. Lambert, "Fundamentals of Python - First Programs", CENGAGE Publication. |  |  |
| Web Resources |  |  |  |


| 1. | https://www.programiz.com/python-programming |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2. | https://www.guru99.com/python-tutorials.html |
| 3. | https://www.w3schools.com/python/python_intro.asp |
| 4. | $\underline{\text { https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/python-programming-language/ }}$ |
| 5. | https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Python_(programming_language) |

## Mapping with Programme Outcomes:

| CO/PSO | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO 4 | PSO 5 | PSO 6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CO 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| CO 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO 5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Weightage of course <br> contributed to each <br> PSO | 15 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 13 | 14 |
| S-Strong-3 M-Medium-2 L-Low-1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Subject Code |  | Subject Name |  | L | T | P | S | U | Marks |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | U |  |  |  |  |  |  | 気 | 등 |
| CC2 |  |  | Python Programming | Core | - | - |  | - | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| Learning Objectives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO1 | Be able to design and program Python applications. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO2 | Be able to create loops and decision statements in Python. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO3 | Be able to work with functions and pass arguments in Python. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO4 | Be able to build and package Python modules for reusability. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| LO5 | Be able to read and write files in Python. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | LAB EXERCISES | Required <br> Hours |

1.Write a Python program to read and print values of variables of different data types.
2. Write a Python program to perform addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, integer division and modulo division on two integer numbers.
3. Write a Python program to determine whether the character entered is a vowel or not using conditional statement.
4. Write a Python program to calculate the factorial of a number using loop.
5. Write a Python program to calculate the square root of a number. Use break, continue and pass statements.
6. Write a Python program using function and return statement to check whether a number is even or odd.
7. Write a Python program to print the Fibonacci series using recursion.
8. Write a Python program to reverse the order of the items in the array.
9. Write a Python program that accepts a string from the user and redisplays the same string after removing vowels from it.
10. Write a Python program to remove all duplicates from a list.
11. Write a Python program that has a list of numbers. (both positive and negative). Make new
tuple that has only positive values from this list.
12. Write a Python program that creates a dictionary of radius of a circle and its circumference.

Course Outcomes
On completion of this course, students will

| CO 1 | Demonstrate the understanding of syntax and semantics of PYTHON language |
| :---: | :--- |
| CO 2 | Identify the problem and solve using PYTHON programming techniques. |
| CO 3 | Identify suitable programming constructs for problem solving. |
| CO 4 | Analyze various concepts of PYTHON language to solve the problem in an efficient <br> way. |
| CO 5 | Develop a PYTHON program for a given problem and test for its correctness. |

$\square$

Mapping with Programme Outcomes:

| CO/PSO | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO 4 | PSO 5 | PSO 6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CO 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| CO 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO 5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Weightage of course <br> contributed to each <br> PSO | 15 | 15 | 13 | 15 | 13 | 14 |

S-Strong-3 M-Medium-2 L-Low-1

| Title of the Course/ Paper | Subject Name | Category | L | T | $\mathbf{P}$ | S | U | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{n} \\ & \ddot{\theta} \\ & \dot{\theta} \\ & \dot{\theta} \\ & \dot{\theta} \end{aligned}$ | $\sum \pi \sim \sim$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | S | 䔍 | \% |
| CC4 | Office Automation LAB | Core | - | - | 2 | - | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| Learning Objectives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO1 | To understand the concepts of MS word |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO2 | To learn the features of Word |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO3 | To do calculations in excel |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO4 | To Design invitations etc using Word |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO5 | To understand and design presentations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sl. No | Contents ${ }^{\text {No. of }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Reference Books:

1. Microsoft Office 2016 Step By Step, Lambert, Joan , Frye, Curtis D., Phi Learning
2. Microsoft Access 2016 Step By Step, By Lambert, Joan Phi Learning
3. Microsoft Excel 2016 Step By Step, Curtis Frye, Phi Learning
4. Browse the Internet for Open Source Office Software

| Cours | Elective Course | Discrete Mathematics |  |  | Credits <br> 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LectureHours:(L) perweek - 4 |  | TutorialHours:75 <br> (T)perweek | Hou | erweek | Total:(L+T+P) perweek: 4 |
| CourseCategory: Elective |  | Year\&Semester:I Year I Semester |  | Admis | sion Year: |
| Pre-requisite |  | Basic Knowledge of Programming concept |  |  |  |
| Course Outcomes:(for students: To know what they are CO1:Know how to solve various problems on discrete ma <br> CO2:Use approximation to solve problems <br> CO3:Differentiation and integration concept are applied CO4:Apply , direct methods for solving linear systems CO5:Discrete solution of ordinary problems |  |  |  |  |  |
| Units | Contents |  |  |  | RequiredHours |
| I | Set theory-Sets and CardinalityPower sets-Univ Cartesian produ | nd elements-Specific Set inclusion-Equality ersal set-Operations t of sets | ions o <br> of sets <br> sets-o | entity sets-pairs- | 15 |
| II | Relations and sets- Equivalenc | functions-Definition- <br> relations-Equivalen | ample <br> Class | ions on ions | 15 |
| III | MATHEMATIC <br> Introduction - St <br> Basic Set of Logi <br> Tables - Algebra <br> Logical Equivale | AL LOGIC <br> tement (Propositions) <br> cal operators/operations <br> Propositions - Tautolo <br> ce - Logical Implicatio | Laws of Propo es and - Norm |  | 15 |


| IV | MATRIX ALGEBRA <br> of Matrices - Operations on Matrices - Related Matrices - <br> Transpose of a Matrix - Symmetric and Skew-symmetric Matrices <br> - Complex Matrix - Conjugate of a Matrix - Determinant of a <br> Matrix - Typical Square Matrices | $\mathbf{1 5}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{V}$ | Adjoint and Inverse of a Matrix -Singular and Non-singular <br> Matrices - Adjoint of a Square Matrix - Properties of Adjoint of a <br> Matrix - Properties of Inverse of a Matrix. | $\mathbf{1 5}$ |

## Text Book:

DISCRETE MATHEMATICS, Swapan Kumar
Chakraborty and Bikash Kanti Sarkar, OXFORD
University Press.
Reference Books:

1. DISCRETE MATHEMATICS, Third Edition, Seymour Lipschutz and Marc Lars Lipson, Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited.
2. Discrete Mathematical Structures with Aplications to Computer Science by J.P.Tremblay, R.Manohar TMH edition

| CourseCode: SEC-1 | Office Automation |  |  | Credits: 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LectureHours:(L) perweek: 2 | TutorialHours: <br> (T)perweek | Hours | veek | Total:(L+T+P) perweek: 2 |
| CourseCategory: SEC-1 | Year\&Semester: I Year I Semester |  | AdmissionYear: |  |
| Pre-requisite | Basic skills in Computer operations |  |  |  |
| LearningObjectives:(forteachers:whattheyhavetodointheclass/lab/field) <br> - The major objective in introducing the Computer Skills course is to impart training for students in Microsoft Office which has different components like MS Word, MS Excel and Powerpoint. <br> - The course is highly practice oriented rather than regular classroom teaching. <br> - To acquire knowledge on editor, spreadsheet and presentation software. |  |  |  |  |


| Course Outcomes:(for students: To know what they are going to learn) <br> CO1:Understandthebasicsofcomputersystemsanditscomponents. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CO2:Understand and apply the basic concepts of word processing package. |
| CO3:Understandand apply the basic concepts of electronic spreadsheet software. |
| CO4: Understand and apply the basic concepts of database management system. |
| CO5: Understand and create a presentation using PowerPoint tool. |


|  | files,Sorting and indexing data; Searching records. Designing queries, and reports; Linking of datafiles; Understanding Programming environment in DBMS; Developing menu drive applicationsinquerylanguage(MS-Access). |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V | Power point: Introduction to Power point - Features Understanding slide typecasting \& viewingslides creating slide shows. Applying special object including objects \& pictures - Slide transitionAnimation effects ,audio inclusion, timers. | 17 |
| Extended <br> Professional <br> Component (isapartofintern al component only, Not to be included in the External <br> Examination question paper) | Questionsrelatedtotheabovetopics,fromvariouscompetitivee xaminationsUPSC/TRB/NET/UGC- <br> CSIR/GATE/TNPSC/otherstobesolved(Tob ediscussedduringtheTutorialhour) |  |
| Skills acquired from the course | Knowledge,ProblemSolving,Analyticalability,Professional Competency,ProfessionalCommunicationandTransferrable Skill |  |
| Learning Resources: <br> - Recommended Texts <br> 1.PeterNorton,"IntroductiontoComputers"-TataMcGraw-Hill. <br> - Reference Books <br> 1. JenniferAckermanKettel,GuyHat- |  |  |

Davis,CurtSimmons,"Microsoft2003",TataMcGraw-Hill.

- Web resources : Web content from NDL / SWAYAM or open source web resources

| Subject Code |  | Subject Name |  | L | T | P | S | \% |  | Marks |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | U |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 唇 | F |
| FC |  |  | Problem Solving Techniques | FC | 2 | - | - | - | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| Learning Objectives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO1 | Familiarize with writing of algorithms, fundamentals of C and philosophy of problem solving. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO2 | Implement different programming constructs and decomposition of problems into functions. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO3 | Use data flow diagram, Pseudo code to implement solutions. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO4 | Define and use of arrays with simple applications |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO5 | Understand about operating system and their uses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| UNIT | Contents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | No. Of. Hours |  |  |
| I | Introduction: History, characteristics and limitations of Computer. Hardware/Anatomy of Computer: CPU, Memory, Secondary storage devices, Input Devices and Output devices. Types of Computers: PC, Workstation, Minicomputer, Main frame and Supercomputer. Software: System software and Application software. Programming Languages: Machine language, Assembly language, Highlevel language, 4 GL and 5GL-Features of good programming language. Translators: Interpreters and Compilers. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |  |  |
| II | Data: Data types, Input, Processing of data, Arithmetic Operators, Hierarchy of operations and Output. Different phases in Program Development Cycle (PDC).Structured <br> Programming: Algorithm: Features of good algorithm, Benefits and drawbacks of algorithm. Flowcharts: Advantages and limitations of flowcharts, when to use flowcharts, flowchart symbols and types of flowcharts. Pseudocode: Writing a pseudocode. Coding, documenting and testing a program: Comment lines and types of errors. Program design: Modular Programming. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |  |  |


| III | Selection Structures: Relational and Logical Operators Selecting from Several Alternatives - Applications of Selection Structures. Repetition Structures: Counter Controlled Loops -Nested Loops-Applications of Repetition Structures. | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IV | Data: Numeric Data and Character Based Data. Arrays: One Dimensional Array - Two Dimensional Arrays - Strings as Arrays of Characters. | 6 |
| V | Data Flow Diagrams: Definition, DFD symbols and types of DFDs. Program Modules: Subprograms-Value and Reference parameters- Scope of a variable - Functions Recursion. Files: File Basics-Creating and reading a sequential file- Modifying Sequential Files. | 6 |
|  | TOTAL HOURS | 30 |
|  | Course Outcomes | Programme Outcomes |
| CO | On completion of this course, students will |  |
| CO1 | Study the basic knowledge of Computers. Analyze the programming languages. | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{PO} 1, \mathrm{PO} 2, \mathrm{PO}, \\ & \mathrm{PO} 4, \mathrm{PO} 5, \mathrm{PO} \end{aligned}$ |
| CO2 | Study the data types and arithmetic operations. Know about the algorithms. <br> Develop program using flow chart and pseudocode. | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{PO} 1, \mathrm{PO} 2, \mathrm{PO}, \\ & \mathrm{PO4,} \mathrm{PO5,} \mathrm{PO6} \end{aligned}$ |
| CO3 | Determine the various operators. Explain about the structures. Illustrate the concept of Loops | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{PO} 1, \mathrm{PO} 2, \mathrm{PO}, \\ & \text { PO4, PO5, PO6 } \end{aligned}$ |
| CO4 | Study about Numeric data and character-based data. Analyze about Arrays. | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{PO} 1, \mathrm{PO} 2, \mathrm{PO}, \\ \text { PO4, PO5, PO6 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| CO5 | Explain about DFD Illustrate program modules. Creating and reading Files | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{PO} 1, \mathrm{PO} 2, \mathrm{PO}, \\ & \text { PO4, PO5, PO6 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Textbooks |  |  |
| 1 | Stewart Venit, "Introduction to Programming: Concepts and De 2010, Dream Tech Publishers. | gn", Fourth Edition, |
| Web Resources |  |  |
| 1. | https://www.codesansar.com/computer-basics/problem-solving-using-computer.htm |  |
| 2. | http://www.nptel.iitm.ac.in/video.php?subjectId=106102067 |  |
| 3. | http://utubersity.com/?page_id=876 |  |

## Mapping with Programme Outcomes:

| CO/PSO | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO 4 | PSO 5 | PSO 6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CO 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Weightage of course <br> contributed to each PSO | 15 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 14 |

S-Strong-3 M-Medium-2 L-Low-1

Semester II

| Title of the Course/ Paper | Subject Name | Category | L | T | P | S |  |  | $\sum \pi \sim \sim$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | U | 砢 |  |
| CC3 | DATA STRUCTURE AND ALGORITHMS | Core | 5 | - | - | - | 5 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| Learning Objectives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO1 | To understand the concepts of ADTs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO2 | To learn linear data structures-lists, stacks, queues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO3 | To learn Tree structures and application of trees |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO4 | To learn graph strutures and and application of graphs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO5 | To understand various sorting and searching |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| UNIT | Contents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | No. of Hours |  |
| I | Abstract Data Types (ADTs)- List ADT-array-based implementationlinked list implementation singly linked lists-circular linked lists-doubly-linked lists-applications of lists-Polynomial Manipulation- All operations-Insertion-Deletion-Merge-Traversal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| II | Stack ADT-Operations- Applications- Evaluating arithmetic expressions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |


|  | - Conversion of infix to postfix expression-Queue ADT-OperationsCircular Queue- Priority Queue- deQueue applications of queues. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| III | Tree ADT-tree traversals-Binary Tree ADT-expression treesapplications of trees-binary search tree ADT- Threaded Binary TreesAVL Trees- B-Tree- B+ Tree - Heap-Applications of heap. |  | 15 |
| IV | Definition- Representation of Graph- Types of graph-Breadth first traversal - Depth first traversal-Topological sort- Bi-connectivity - Cut vertex- Euler circuits-Applications of graphs. |  | 15 |
| V | Searching- Linear search-Binary search-Sorting-Bubble sort-Selection sort-Insertion sort-Shell sort-Radix sort-Hashing-Hash functionsSeparate chaining- Open Addressing-Rehashing Extendible Hashing |  | 15 |
|  | Total |  | 75 |
| Course Outcomes |  | Programme Outcome |  |
| CO | On completion of this course, students will |  |  |
| CO1 | Understand the concept of Dynamic memory management, data types, algorithms, Big O notation | PO1,PO6 |  |
| CO2 | Understand basic data structures such as arrays, linked lists, stacks and queues | PO2 |  |
| CO3 | Describe the hash function and concepts of collision and its resolution methods | PO2,PO4 |  |
| CO4 | Solve problem involving graphs, trees and heaps | PO4,PO6 |  |
| CO5 | Apply Algorithm for solving problems like sorting, searching, insertion and deletion of data | PO5,PO6 |  |
| Text Book |  |  |  |
| 1 | 1. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++", Pearson Education 2014, 4th Edition. |  |  |
| 2 | Reema Thareja, "Data Structures Using C", Oxford Universities Press 2014, 2nd Edition |  |  |
| Reference Books |  |  |  |
| 1. | Thomas H.Cormen, ChalesE.Leiserson,RonaldL.Rivest, Clifford Stein, "Introduction to Algorithms", McGraw Hill 2009, 3rd Edition. |  |  |
| 2. | Aho, Hopcroft and Ullman, "Data Structures and Algorithms", Pearson Education 2003 |  |  |
| Web Resources |  |  |  |
| 1. | https://www.programiz.com/dsa |  |  |
| 2. | https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/learn-data-structures-and-algorithms-dsa-tutorial/ |  |  |

## Mapping with Programme Outcomes:

| CO/PSO | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO 4 | PSO 5 | PSO 6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CO 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| CO 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Weightage of course <br> contributed to each <br> PSO | 15 | 14 | 13 | 13 | 15 | 14 |

S-Strong-3 M-Medium-2 L-Low-1

| Title of the Course/ Paper | Subject Name | Category | L | T | P | S | U |  | $\sum \pi=\sim \sim$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | U | 歌 | ज |
| CC4 | DATA <br> STRUCTURE AND <br> ALGORITHMS <br> [Note: Practicals may be offered through C <br> / C++ / Python] | Core | - | - | 3 | - | 3 | - | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| Learning Objectives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO1 | To understand the concepts of ADTs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO2 | To learn linear data structures-lists, stacks, queues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO3 | To learn Tree structures and application of trees |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO4 | To learn graph structures and application of graphs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO5 | To understand various sorting and searching |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sl. No | Contents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | No. of Hours |  |



| 2. | https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/learn-data-structures-and-algorithms-dsa-tutorial/ |
| :---: | :--- |

## Mapping with Programme Outcomes:

| CO/PSO | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO 4 | PSO 5 | PSO 6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CO 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO 5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Weightage of course <br> contributed to each <br> PSO | 15 | 15 | 13 | 15 | 13 | 15 |

S-Strong-3 M-Medium-2 L-Low-1

| Title of the Course/ Paper | Subject Name | Category | L | T | P | S | تِ | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{n} \\ & \dot{\theta} \\ & \dot{\underline{\theta}} \\ & \dot{\vec{\theta}} \end{aligned}$ | $\sum \pi \sim \sim \sim$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | U |  |  |
| CC4 | Web Design | Core | 2 | - | - |  | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| LO1 | To understand the concepts of links |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO2 | To learn tags, lists |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO3 | To learn frames and its applications |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO4 | To apply forms and to create pages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO5 | To apply sound effect |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sl. No | Contents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | of urs |
|  | 1. Create a website using internal links and images. <br> 2. Design a calendar using table tag. <br> 3. Create a HTML document to display a list of five flowers and link each one to another documentdisplaying brief description of the flower, Add pictures wherever possible. <br> 4. Write an HTML code to display a list of 5 cars in a frame, Link each one to a brief description insecond frame. The left frame |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  | should display the list and the right frame <br> should display the paragraph about the <br> frame. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5. Create a simple HTML Form covering major form <br> elements. <br> 6. Embed Audio and Video in an HTML page. <br> 7. Rotate an element using CSS. <br> 8. Build a simple quiz.   | $\mathbf{6 0}$ |  |

## Mapping with Programme Outcomes:

| CO/PSO | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO 4 | PSO 5 | PSO 6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CO 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO 5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Weightage of course <br> contributed to each <br> PSO | 15 | 15 | 13 | 15 | 13 | 15 |

S-Strong-3 M-Medium-2 L-Low-1

| Title of the Course/ Paper | Subject Name | Category | L | T | P | S | UUU |  | $\sum \pi \sim \sim$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 砢 | $\stackrel{\text { ¢̈\% }}{\square}$ |
|  | Digital Logic Fundamentals | Elective course-2 | 4 | - | - | - | 3 | 4 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| Learning Objectives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO1 | To understand the concepts of number systems |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO2 | To learn conversions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO3 | To construct truth tables |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO4 | To learn SOP and POS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO5 | To understand various simplifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| UNIT | Contents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | No. of Hours |  |
| I | Number Systems :Codes and Digital Logic Binary Number System -Binary to Decimal Conversion - Decimal to Binary Conversion -Octal Numbers -Hexadecimal Numbers -The ASCII Code -The Excess- 3 Code -The Gray Code. Digital Logic:The Basic gates NOT, OR , AND -Universal Logic Gates NOR,NAND -AND-OR Invert Gates. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| II | Combinational Logic: Circuits Boolean Laws and Theorems Sum of Products Method-Truth Table to Karnaugh Map -Pairs, Quads and Octets -Karnaugh Simplifications -Don't Care Conditions -Product of Sums Method -Product of Sums Simplification. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |  |
| III | Data Processing and Arithmetic circuits :Multiplexers -Demultiplexers -1-of-16-Decoders -BCD- to-Decimal Decoders -Seven-Segment decoders -Encoders -Exclusive-OR gates. Arithmetic Circuits:Binary Addition -Binary Subtraction -Unsigned Binary Numbers -Sign-Magnitude Numbers - 2's Complement Representation -2's Complement Arithmetic. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |  |



| CO3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2.5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CO4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2.6 |
| CO5 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2.7 |
| Average of CO's = 2.6(high) |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Strongly correlated -3 Moderately correlated -2 weakly correlated-1

| Title of the Course/ Paper | Subject Name | Category | L | T | P | S | Uِ | Inst. Hours | $\sum \pi \sim \sim \sim$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 辱 |  |
|  | Introduction to HTML | Skill Enhancement Course - 2 | 2 | - | - | - | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| Learning Objectives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO1 | To understand the concepts Tags |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO2 | To learn linear data structures-lists and links |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO3 | To learn formatted images |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO4 | To learn frames and its structures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO5 | To create various style sheets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| UNIT | Contents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | No. of Hours |  |
| I | Introduction to HTML: Designing a Home page - History of HTML - HTML generations- HTML Documents-Anchor tag -Hyper links -Sample HTML documents. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |
| II | Head and Body section: Header Section -Title-Prologue-Links-Colorful web page -Comments lines Designing the body: Heading printing -Aligning the headings-Horizontal rule- paragraph-Tab settings-Image and picturesEmbedding PNG format Images |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |
| III | Ordered and unordered lists: List-Unordered lists- headings in a list - ordered lists- Nested lists. Table handling: Tables- table creation in HTML- Width of the Tables and cells-Cells spanning multiple rows/Columns- Coloring cells Column specification |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |
| IV | Frames: Frame set - Definition - Frame definition -Nested Frames Web Page Design Project : Frameset Definition - Animals - Birds - Fish Forms: Action |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |  |


|  | attributes -Method attributes -Enctype attribute - Drop down list- sample <br> forms |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| V | DHTML and Style sheets: Defining styles -Elements of styles- Linking a style <br> sheet to an HTML document -Inline styles -Internal \& External style sheets - <br> Multiple styles | 15 |  |
|  | Total |  |  |
| Course Outcomes |  | Programmeme Outcome |  |
| CO | On completion of this course, students will |  |  |
| CO1 | Understand the concept of various tags | PO1,PO6 |  |
| CO2 | Understand basic designing | PO2 |  |
| CO3 | Describe the hash function and concepts of <br> tables,designing etc | PO2,PO4 |  |
| CO4 | Solve problem involving style sheets | PO4,PO6 |  |
| CO5 | Apply the attributes in designing web pages | PO5,PO6 |  |

## Text Book:

World Wide Web Design with HTML, C. Xavier, TMH, 2001

## Reference Book:

1. Internet \& World Wide Web, H.M.Deital, P.J.Deital \& A.B.Goldberg, Pearson Education
2. Fundamentals of information technology, Mathew's lenon and Alxis leon, Vijay Nicole privatelimited, Chennai.

## Mapping with Programme Outcomes:

| CO/PSO | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO 4 | PSO 5 | PSO 6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CO 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| CO 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Weightage of course <br> contributed to each <br> PSO | 15 | 14 | 13 | 13 | 15 | 14 |

S-Strong-3 M-Medium-2 L-Low-1

| Title of the Course/ Paper | Subject Name | Category | L | T | P | S |  |  | $\sum \pi \sim \sim \sim$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | S | 砢 | $\stackrel{\text { Fin }}{0}$ |
|  | Understanding Internet | Skill enhancement | 2 | - | - | - | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| Learning Objectives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO1 | To understand the concepts network |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO2 | To learn various links in internet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO3 | To learn formatted images |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO4 | To learn frames and its structures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO5 | To create various style sheets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| UNIT | Contents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | No. of Hours |  |
| I | Man and Machines - Human Capability of five senses to see, hear, smell, speak and act - Basic Structure of a Computer - Data Characteristics of a Computer-History of Computers - Classification of Computers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |
| II | Application Software and Programming Languages - Application <br> Software - Packaged Software Products (Off-the-Shelf Products) - <br> Office Automation - Core Banking System - Enterprise Software <br> Products - SAP - Sales Force - Oracle - CRM and ERP - Early <br> High Level Programming Languages - Translators (Compilers and <br> Interpreters) - FORTRAN - BASIC - COBOL - PASCAL - C <br> Language - Web Programming Languages - HTML - Java Script - <br> Objected Oriented Programming with C++ - C++ Language - C\# <br> Language - Java Programming - Modern Programming Language <br> - Python - GO Language - Swift Language - Kotlin Language - R <br> Language - Artificial Intelligence Languages - Database <br> Management Software |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |  |
| III | Digital Transformation - Data (High Value Commodity) - Digital Transformation in Business - Features of Digital Transformation - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |  |


|  | Banking and Financial Services Industry (BFSI) - Human Resource Management - Healthcare - Big Data Analytics in Healthcare Virtual Reality Wearable medical devices |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IV | Cyber Security - IT Assets - Risk and Vulnerabilities - Computer Security Types - Fundamental Principles of Security - Physical Safety and Security - Access Control - Biometric Access Control - Network Security - AAA Server - Firewall - Malware - Spyware - Adware - Spamware - Virus - Ransomware - Worms - Trojan Horse - | 15 |
| V | - Computer Virus - Types of Computer Viruses - Antivirus <br> Protection - Digital Signature - Cyber Crime - Hacking - Phishing - <br> Spam e-mails - <br> Attack using Malware - ATM Skimming - Ransomware - Fake <br> News - Deep fake - Cyberbullying - <br> Textbook <br> Fundamentals of Internet and Emerging Technologies (2021), C. <br> Xavier, New Age International Publishers Ltd., New Delhi., Chapters 1, 2, 3 and 9 to 16 only. <br> Reference Book <br> 1. Introduction to Computer Science, Second Edition, ITL Education Solutions Ltd, Pearson Education <br> 2. Introduction to Computers, Peter Norton, 7th Edition, McGraw Hill Education <br> 3. Fundamentals of Computers, V.Rajaram, 5th Edition, PHI | 15 |
|  | Total | 75 |
| Course Outcomes |  | Programmeme Outcome |
| CO | On completion of this course, students will |  |
| CO1 | Understand the concept of network $\quad$ PO1,PO6 |  |


| CO 2 | Understand basic languages | PO 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CO 3 | Describe the securityhash function and concepts of <br> security methods | $\mathrm{PO} 2, \mathrm{PO} 4$ |
| CO 4 | Solve problem involving malware | PO4,PO6 |
| CO 5 | Apply Algorithm for secure network | PO5,PO6 |
|  |  |  |

Mapping with Programme Outcomes:

| CO/PSO | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO 4 | PSO 5 | PSO 6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CO 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| CO 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Weightage of course <br> contributed to each <br> PSO | 15 | 14 | 13 | 13 | 15 | 14 |

S-Strong-3 M-Medium-2 L-Low-1

